This article was downloaded by:

On: 28 January 2011

Access details: Access Details: Free Access

Publisher Taylor & Francis

Informa Ltd Registered in England and Wales Registered Number: 1072954 Registered office: Mortimer House, 37-41 Mortimer Street, London W1T 3JH, UK



## Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information: <a href="http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/title~content=t713618290">http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/title~content=t713618290</a>

## Preparation of Metallaiminophosphoranes and Their Reactivity

Kazuyuki Kubo<sup>a</sup>; Hiroshi Nakazawa<sup>a</sup>; Hiroyasu Inagaki<sup>a</sup>; Tomoyuki Miyake<sup>a</sup>; Tsutomu Mizuta<sup>a</sup>; Katsuhiko Miyoshi<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Hiroshima University, Japan

Online publication date: 27 October 2010

To cite this Article Kubo, Kazuyuki , Nakazawa, Hiroshi , Inagaki, Hiroyasu , Miyake, Tomoyuki , Mizuta, Tsutomu and Miyoshi, Katsuhiko(2002) 'Preparation of Metallaiminophosphoranes and Their Reactivity', Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements, 177: 8, 2159-2160

To link to this Article: DOI: 10.1080/10426500213285 URL: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/10426500213285

## PLEASE SCROLL DOWN FOR ARTICLE

Full terms and conditions of use: http://www.informaworld.com/terms-and-conditions-of-access.pdf

This article may be used for research, teaching and private study purposes. Any substantial or systematic reproduction, re-distribution, re-selling, loan or sub-licensing, systematic supply or distribution in any form to anyone is expressly forbidden.

The publisher does not give any warranty express or implied or make any representation that the contents will be complete or accurate or up to date. The accuracy of any instructions, formulae and drug doses should be independently verified with primary sources. The publisher shall not be liable for any loss, actions, claims, proceedings, demand or costs or damages whatsoever or howsoever caused arising directly or indirectly in connection with or arising out of the use of this material.

Phosphorus, Sulfur and Silicon, 2002, Vol. 177:2159–2160 Copyright © 2002 Taylor & Francis 1042-6507/02 \$12.00 + .00

DOI: 10.1080/10426500290095061



## PREPARATION OF METALLAIMINOPHOSPHORANES AND THEIR REACTIVITY

Kazuyuki Kubo, Hiroshi Nakazawa, Hiroyasu Inagaki, Tomoyuki Miyake, Tsutomu Mizuta, and Katsuhiko Miyoshi Hiroshima University, Japan

(Received July 29, 2001; accepted December 25, 2001)

Treatment of  $[Cp^*(CO)_2M\{P(NHPh)(OMe)_2\}]PF_6$  (M=Fe and Ru) with  $NaNH_2$  gives metallaiminophosphoranes,  $Cp^*(CO)_2M\{P(NPh)(OMe)_2\}$ . The x-ray structures and reactivity of the complexes are reported.

Keywords: Iron; metallaiminophosphorane; P—N double bond; reactivity; ruthenium; x-ray structure

Although  $[R^1R^2PNR^3]^-$  could be described as a resonance hybrid of a phosphinoamide (**A**) and an iminophosphide (**B**), the former generally prevails in the resonance, so that the transition-metal complexes of **B**, that is, metallaiminophosphoranes, are quite rare so far. We here report the preparation, structures and reactivity of Fe- and Ruimino-phosphoranes. Treatment of  $[Cp^*(CO)_2M\{P(NHPh)(OMe)_2\}]$ - $PF_6$  **1** (M=Fe, Ru:  $Cp^*=\eta^5$ - $C_5Me_5$ ) with  $NaNH_2$  gave  $Cp^*(CO)_2M\{P(NPh)(OMe)_2\}$  **2** in good yield. The P-N bond in **2**<sub>Fe</sub> is comparable

SCHEME 1

Address correspondence to Katsuhiko Miyoshi, Department of Chemistry, Graduate School of Science, Hiroshima University, Higashi-Hiroshima 739-8526, Japan. E-mail: kmiyoshi@sci.hiroshima-u.ac.jp

in length to that of  $\mathbf{2_{Ru}}$  and both are considerably shorter than that of the formal P–N single bond, suggesting that the P–N bonds in  $\mathbf{2}$  have substantial double bond character. In contrast to the P=O analogue of  $\mathbf{2_{Fe}}$ , that is,  $\mathrm{Cp^*(CO)_2Fe\{P(O)(OMe)_2\}}$ , which reacts with 9-BBN to give a CO reduction product, the reaction of  $\mathbf{2_{Fe}}$  resulted in decomposition.